



Ease of Use of AlignRT in DIBH Treatment

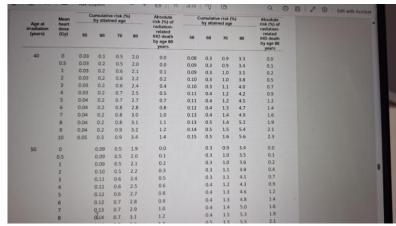
Dr Prithvi Raj Jampana MRCP FRCR Consultant and Head, Radiation Oncology Sindhu Hospitals, Hyderabad

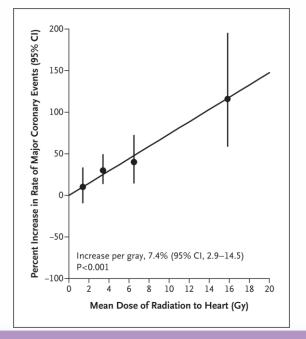
Importance of DIBH in Breast Cancer



- Reduces radiotherapy dose to the heart and Lungs
- Darby et al:
 - -2168 women had RT for breast cancer, 1205 controls, 963 events
 - -Mean dose to heart: 6.6Gy for left breast and 2.9Gy for right breast, 4.9Gy
 - -Rate of coronary event increased by 7.4% for each 1Gy increase mean dose

-% increase for mean dose		-% increase no of yrs since radiotherapy		
2Gy	10%	0-4 yrs	16.3%	
2-4Gy	30%	5-9 yrs	15.5%	
5-9Gy	40%	10-19yrs	1.2%	
10Gy or more-	116%	20 or more	8.2%	





Typical DIBH options in Breast Cancer



- Voluntary breath hold
 - UK Heartspare Study—Radiother Oncol. 2013 Aug;108(2):242-7. doi: 10.1016/j.radonc.2013.04.021. Epub 2013 May 29.
 - -https://pmc.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC4211647/-
 - -Easy to use, no need for any equipment
 - -More suitable with 3D-CRT, close monitoring during treatment
 - -Outcomes similar but Patients felt more comfortable with vDIBH





- Spirometry based Breath hold
 - -Tracks patient's lung volume, needs cooperation from patient
- Surface based systems
 - -Use projectors and cameras for real time 3d surface of the chest Eg: SGRT





- Patient explained to about DIBH- suitability assessed
- Patient seen in RT department-explained about DIBH procedure
- Ideally, at least 1 day time given to practice breath hold

 up to 80% of full inspiratory capacity
 check chest vs abdominal breathing
- Patient taken for planning CT scan
- Mirror placed on CT scan allows CT technicians to observe breath hold consistency





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- Patient practices breath hold on CT Couch
- Skin marks placed using lasers in free breathing and breath hold positions
- Displacement of skin marks noted between free breathing and breath hold positions >6mm, we consider suitable, 1cm-1.2cm, ideal
- CT scan done in free breathing and Breath hold



- Treatment planned with 3D-CRT using field in field technique, IMRT or VMAT
- If VMAT, we plan with 2 tangential arcs except when IMN also treated

•	Heart doses aimed for while planning	40Gy/15#	26Gy/5#
		V10 < 5%	V7Gy < 5%
		V2 < 30%	V1.5Gy < 30%

- Mean Heart Dose------3.2Gy, max 4.0Gy (RTOG 1005)
- Our Data for Mean heart dose----2.29Gy with DIBH and 3.6Gy without DIBH



- Patient set up in position using postural video, position verified in free breathing and breath hold using SGRT
- CBCT done in breath hold to confirm accurate positioning
- Once CT verified, patient instructed to breathe in and hold breath, beam switches on. Breath hold held for 20 secs.
- Patient specifically instructed to breathe in and hold for fist 2-3 fractions
- After that, most patients able to do the procedure by themselves













Chest Wall treatment with bolus





In Conclusion



- DIBH an essential part of treatment in breast cancers, especially left breast cancers
- Helps reduce heart dose and also lung doses
- Different techniques available to do DIBH
- SGRT using AlignRT, in our experience
 - -Excellent patient comfort
 - -Very accurate
 - -Easy to setup and implement
 - -Easy for RT Technologists to monitor patients
 - -More consistent and measurable results

Thank You





Sindhu Health Campus, HITEC City

Hyderabad-500084, Telangana, India.

Ph: (040) 4545 4545

email: info@sindhuhospitals.com