

# Setup Accuracy and Efficiency of Postural Video Function for Right-Sided Locoregional Breast Cancer

**Taran Paulsen Hellebust**

*Medical physicist, Professor*

Head of Research and Education, Department of  
Medical Physics

Oslo University Hospital and University of South-  
Eastern Norway



# SGRT at Oslo University Hospital

- 16 linacs at two sites
- In 2017 the first AlignRT system was installed
- Gradually the AlignRT system was installed at all the linacs
- In 2020/2021 we conducted a prospective study comparing setup procedures using SGRT and skin marks/tattoos

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Original Article

Surface-guided positioning eliminates the need for skin markers in radiotherapy of right sided breast cancer: A single center randomized crossover trial

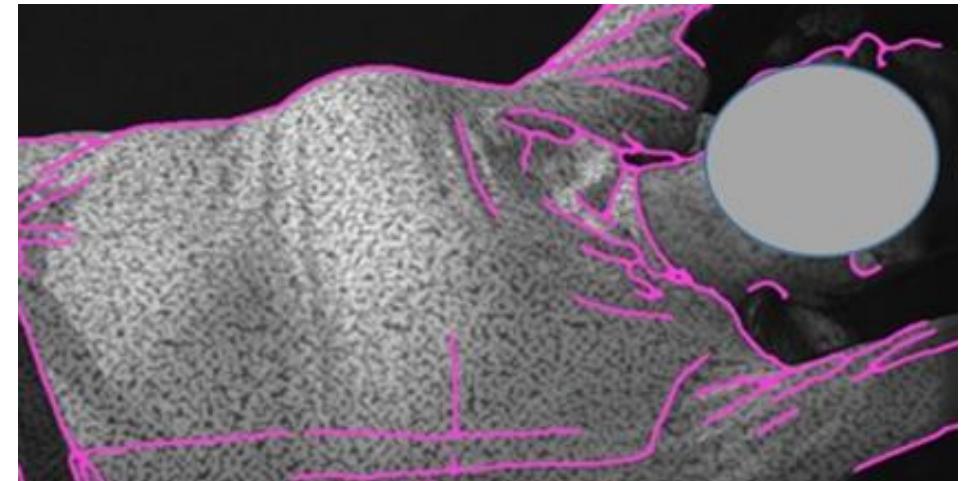
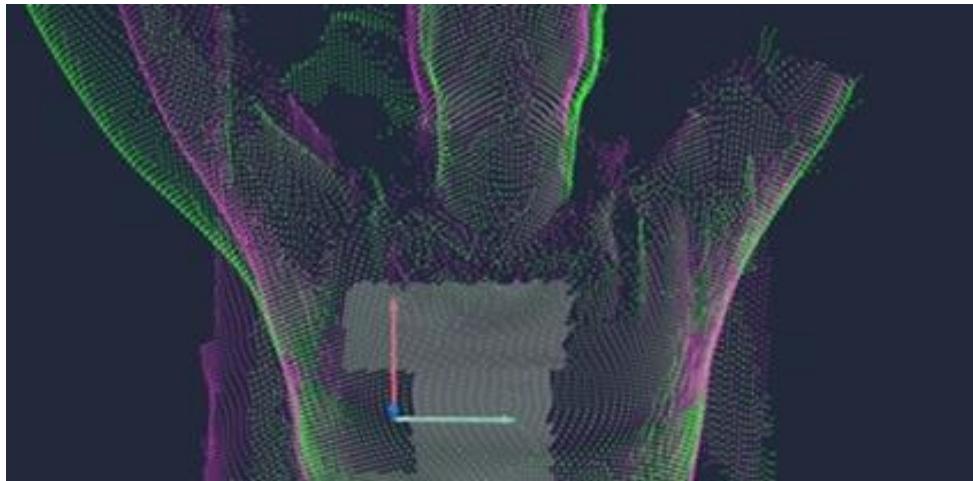
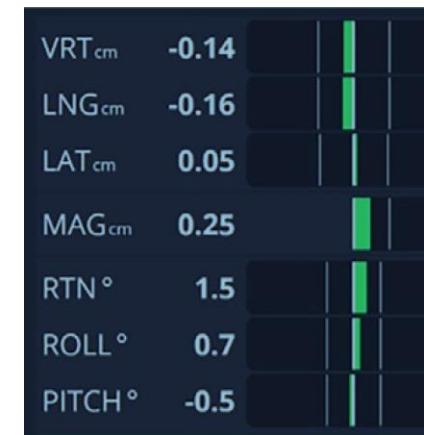
Jørund Graadal Svestad <sup>a</sup>, Mojgan Heydari <sup>a</sup>, Stine Gyland Mikalsen <sup>a</sup>, Vidar Gordon Flote <sup>b</sup>, Fredrik Nordby <sup>b</sup>, Taran Paulsen Hellebust <sup>a,c,\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Department of Medical Physics, <sup>b</sup>Department of Oncology, Oslo University Hospital, Oslo; and <sup>c</sup>Department of Physics, University of Oslo, Norway



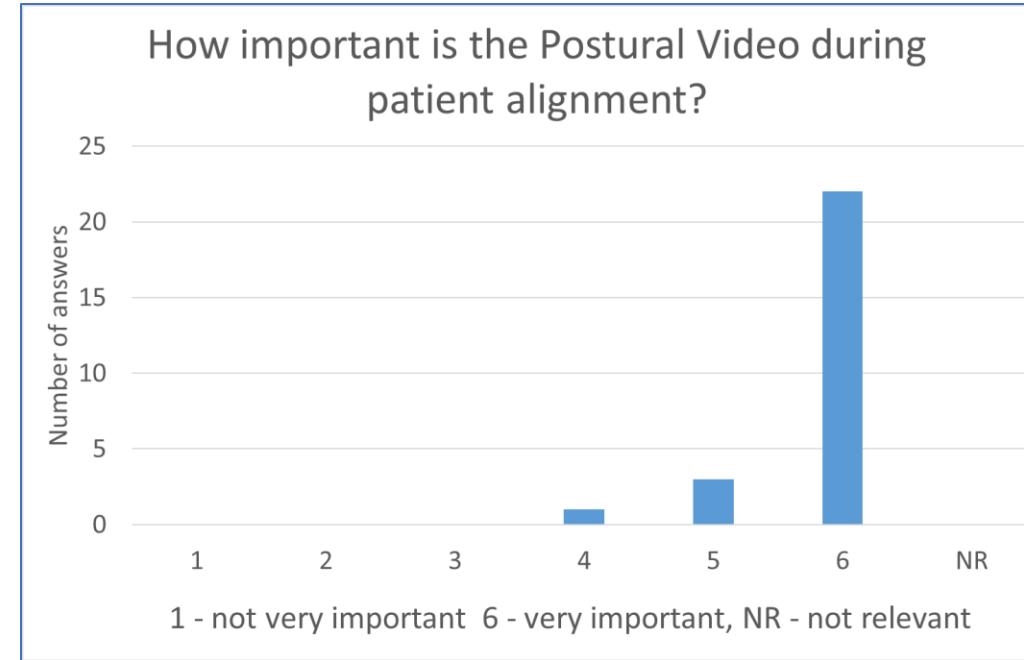
# Introduction of Postural Video (PV) function

- In September 2021 AlignRT Advance was installed at one of the sites
- A test license for Postural Video was included, valid for 6 months



# Evaluation of Postural Video function

- 26 RTTs working at linacs with PV function replied to a survey
- Strong opinions that the PV function reduced the treatment time and increased the accuracy



# Business case

- 26 RTTs working at linacs with PV function replied to a survey
- Strong opinions that the PV function reduced the treatment time and increased the accuracy
- If we can show that using PV will **reduce** the setup procedure with **1 minute per patient**, we can reduce our activity with **one evening shift**
- It was decided to run a prospective trial comparing the setup procedure with and without the PV function for right-sided locoregional breast cancer

# Study design, randomised crossover

The order is randomised

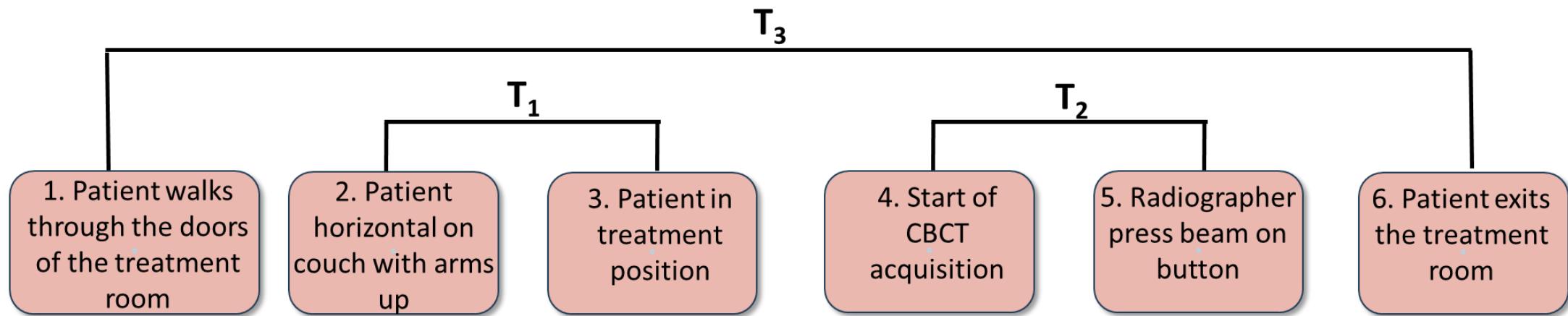


Not included in the analysis

	Fx.1	Fx.2	Fx.3	...	...		Fx.7	Fx.8	Fx.9	...	...					Fx.15
Patient 1	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X								
									X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Patient 2									X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
.....																
Patient N	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X				X	X	X	X	

# Material and methods

- 26 patients were included
- Pre-treatment Cone Beam (CBCT) was acquired at every fraction
- Couch shifts after CBCT match were used to calculate potential systematic and random errors (if shift had not been corrected)
- Six time points through the procedure were recorded

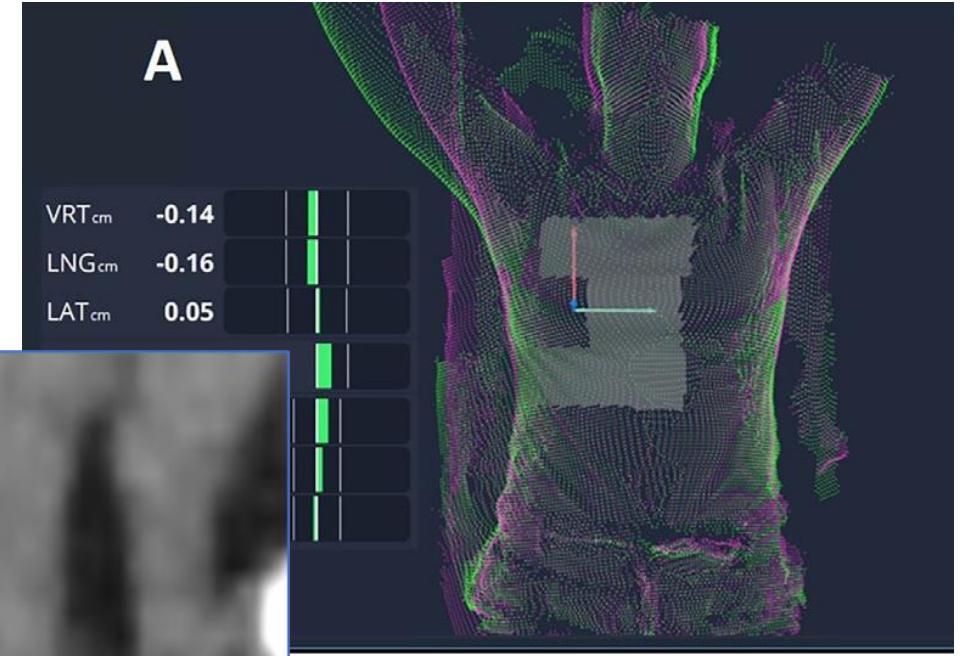


# Material and methods

- A standardised predefined region of interest (ROI) was used for alignment (including stable chest wall and excluding lung and breast tissue)
- The position of the nodule in the CBCT fraction was compared to the position in the planning CT (clavicle as reference point)
  - Two co-registrations

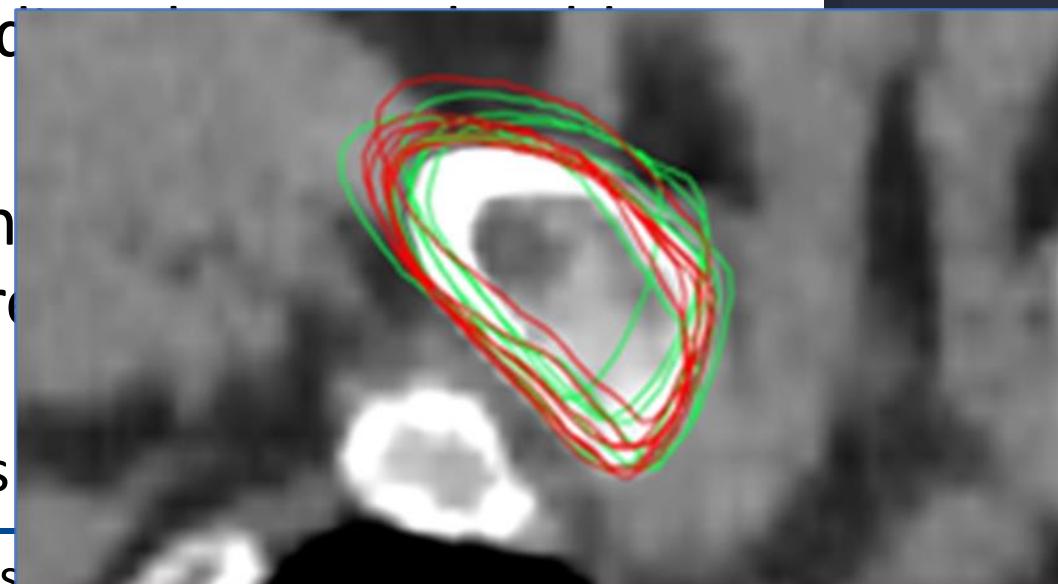
using coach shifts  
from online match

CBCT  planning CT



A

VRT <sub>cm</sub>	-0.14
LNG <sub>cm</sub>	-0.16
LAT <sub>cm</sub>	0.05

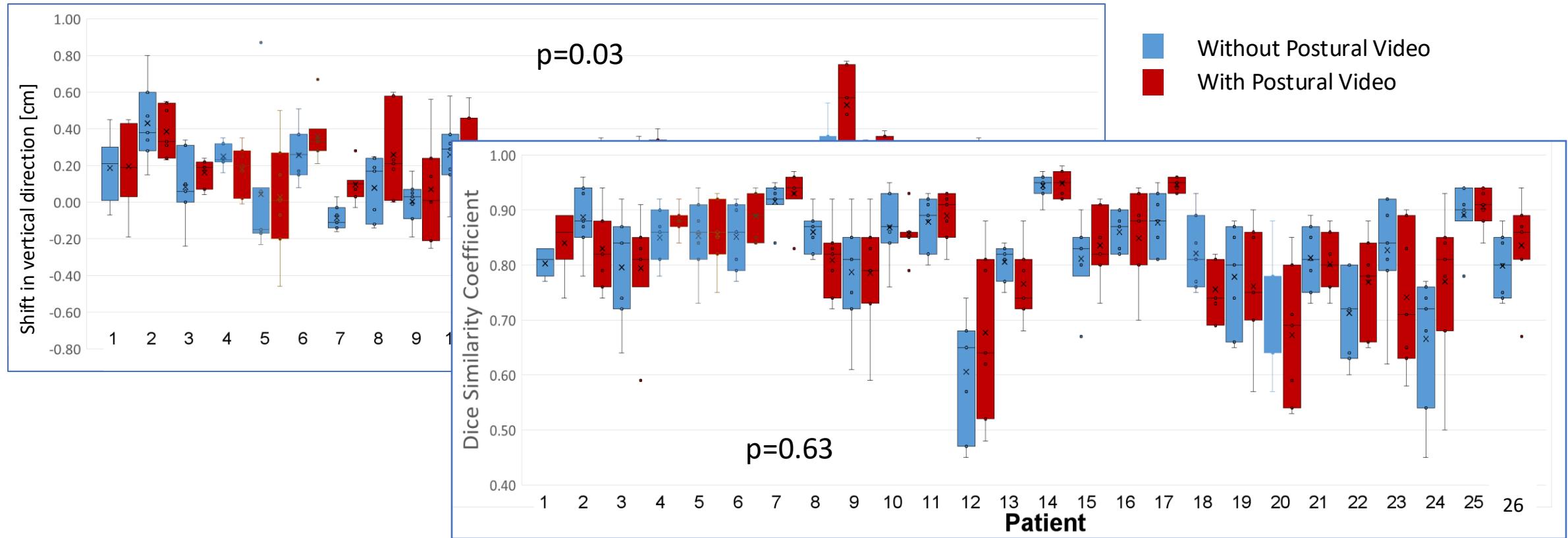


using clavicle as  
matching ROI

CBCT  planning CT

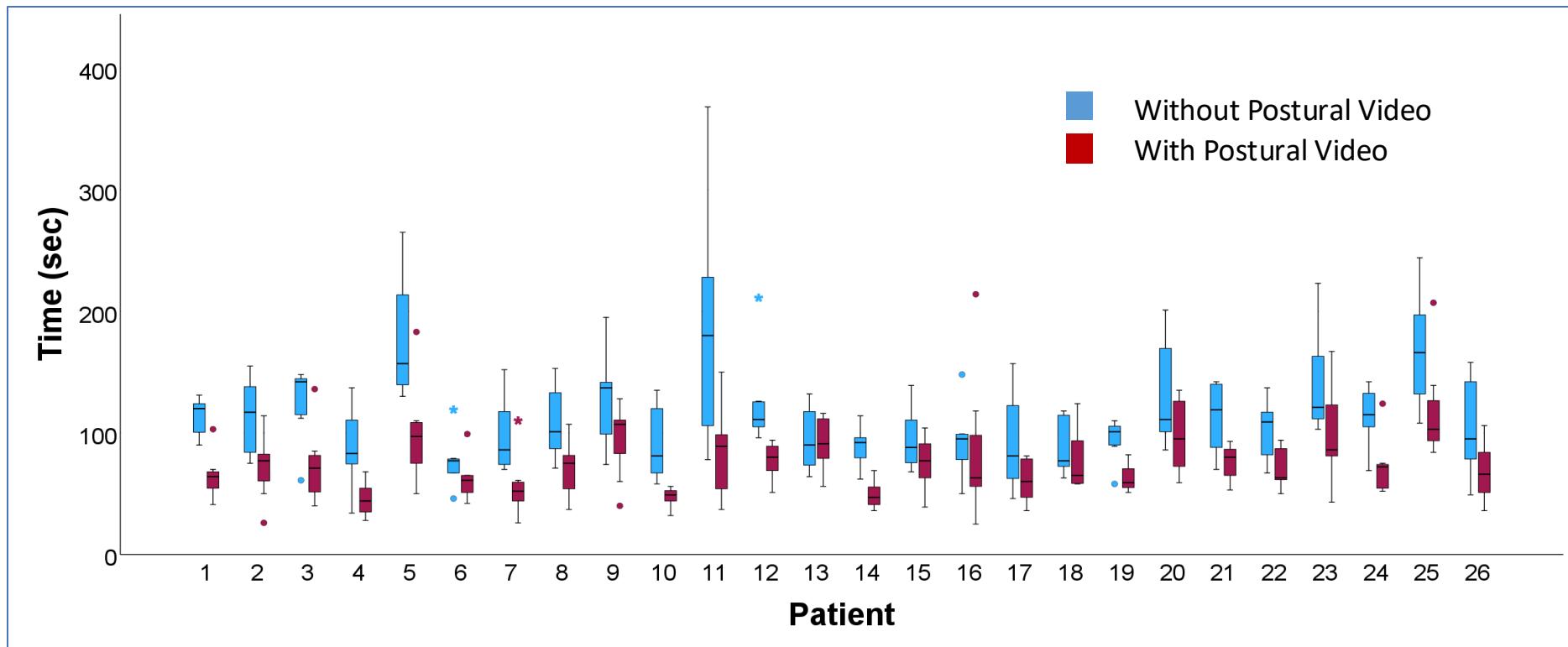
# Results

- We only found negligible differences in the setup accuracy



# Results

Setup efficiency was significantly improved using Postural Video function with an average reduction of **40 seconds** from patient horizontal on the couch with arms up to patient in treatment position



# Conclusion

- By using the Postural Video function during the setup of right-sided locoregional breast cancer patients, one can significantly reduce setup time without compromising setup accuracy
- The business case was approved, and we were allowed to invest in Postural Video function for all our linacs
- The activity was reduced with one evening shift on one linac
- The work was published, *Svestad et al Adv. Radiat Oncol(2025) 10, 101829*

# Thanks to the study group

- Jørund Graadal Svestad, Medical physicist
- Stine Gyland Mikalsen, Medical physicist
- Mojgan Heydar, Medical physicist
- Regine Hjort Francke, Radiotherapy technician
- Maziar Hervani, Radiotherapy dosimetrist

**Thank you for  
your attention!**

